PSET PLE 2010 EXTRACT

| | DUDTUS COMPLETE TAIDEN AUTOED |
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| | Province/City District Sector School Pupil |
| | |
| | PUPIL'S FULL NAME |
| | Sur name : |
| | Other names : |
| | SECTION A: (50 MARKS) |
| l. | Who uses a metal called a water level? |
| 2. | Is the moon a source of light? YES or NO. |
| | |
| 3. | Give an example of a man made source of light. |
| Ч. | Name any liquid fuel and mention where it is used. |
| 5. | The diagram shows a flat mirror reflecting a ray of light. |
| | normal Ray A is called |
| | A——B Ray B is called |
| | DIC Angle C is called |
| | Angle D is called |
| 6. | Why are windows of houses made of transparent glasses? |
| 7. | Where does the light from a torch come from? |
| 8. | (a). Why does tea in an ordinary aluminium kettle cool down fast? |
| | (b). By which method does heat from the sun reach the earth? |

| | From question 9 to question 12 answer TRUE or FALSE. |
|------------|--|
| q. | Air has no mass. |
| 10. | Water has no colour. |
| II. | Stones have greater density than sand. |
| 12. | and the first tree tree decire decide. |
| 13. | The diagram shows a ray of light entering a glass block. Complete it. Light ray |
| | Air——Glass block |
| 14. | Air Water is pollution is caused by: |
| 15. | Select two materials from among: dry wood, iron bar, glass rod, aluminium rod which are good conductors of heat. |
| 16. | (a). State two uses of electricity in hospitals in Rwanda. |
| | (b). Mention any two dangers of electricity. |
| 17. | (a). Does sound travel through water? YES or NO. |
| | (b). Give an example to support your answer in 17 (a). |
| 18. | Which of the following materials are attracted by a magnet: copper, steel, carbon, iron? |
| q . | (a). Air is composed of many gases. Name any two of the gases in air. |

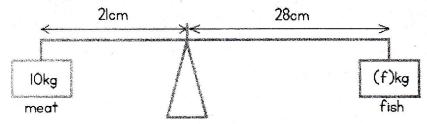
| | (b). Which gas puts off the flame of a burning candle? |
|-----|---|
| 20. | (a). Sound from a distant object is heard louder during the night than during the day. Why? |
| | (b). Why is it that on a bright day the sky appears blue? |
| 21. | (a). What is the unit of density? |
| | (b). The mass of a body is 18 g and its volume is 12cm ³ . Find the density of the body. |
| | |
| 22. | (a). How many legs does an insect have? |
| | (b). Where are the legs of an insect attached? |
| | (c). Why is a spider not considered to be a true insect? |
| 23. | (a). What is pollination? |
| | (b). Give two names of animals which carry out pollination. |
| 24. | (a). In what ways do plants depend on animals for growth? (Give two ways) |
| | (b). Plants make their own food. What do plants use to make their own food? (Give any two) |
| 25. | |
| | (b). Give two diseases spread by the housefly. |
| 26. | Give at least two ways in which forests can be conserved. |

SECTION B: (50 MARKS)

| 27. | The diagram below shows a housefly. |
|-----|--|
| | (a). Name the parts labelled Q, R, S and T. |
| | RQ R |
| | S |
| | U (b). What is the function (use) of part P? |
| 28. | (a). What two activities can be carried out at school to destroy mosquitoes? |
| | (b). Name the mosquito that spreads malaria. |
| | (c). What causes malaria? |
| 29. | (a). Name any two water borne diseases caused by bacteria. |
| | (b). How can water borne diseases be controlled? |
| 30. | The diagram below shows stages of development of a cockroach. |
| * | Stage B (a). Name stages A, B and C. |
| | Stage C A |
| | B |
| | c |
| | (b). Name the parts marked P and S. |
| | P |
| | Stage A S |
| | (c). What feature does stage C have that makes it different from stage B? |
| 31. | An elderly man has lost all his molar teeth. Identify two feeding problems he is |
| | likely to experience. |
| 32. | (a). Lungs are to man as are to tadpoles. |

| | (b). Give two ways by which an adult frog breathes. |
|-----|---|
| | (c). Explain why a fish is able to swim? |
| 33. | (a). Give two organs of blood circulatory system. |
| | (b). What name is given to the smallest blood vessel in human body? |
| | (c). What is the largest blood vessel in the human body? |
| 34. | Salmonella is an infectious disease of the chicken. What are the signs of Salmonella? (Give two). |
| 35. | (a). Give two uses of oxygen: |
| | (b). What is the use of carbon dioxide in plants? |
| 36. | The air we breathe can be made dirty by different pollutants. Give at least two sources of pollution. |
| 37. | There are several reasons for processing food. Give only two reasons why food should be processed. |
| 38. | What is the role of the following organs during the digestion of food: Small intestines? |
| 39. | (a). Name one method you can use to prevent HIV/AIDS. |
| | (b). State any two ways through which the spread of HIV/AIDS can be controlled. |
| | (c). Which type of cells does the HIV virus attack? |

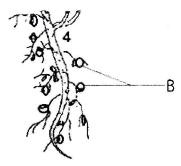
40. The diagram below is of a weighing scale.



(a). If meat (lOkg) and fish (f kg) balance the scale, find the mass of fish.



41. The diagram below shows roots of a certain plant. Use it to answer questions that follow.



- (a). Name the parts labelled B.
- (b). What group of plants has such roots?
- (c). What do the parts labelled B contain?
- (d). What is the function of what you have mentioned in part (c) above?